33 Q VERSION

DIAGNOSTIC CRITERIA FOR DEMENTIA

1.	a.	Participant's	Name:
----	----	---------------	-------

b. SHEP ID: 22 23 - 24 25 26 27 - 28 29 5

c. Acrostic: 41 42 43 44 45 46

2. Date of Clinic Visit: 3637 3839 3435 7 3. Sequence #: 4748 8

4. Date of SHORTCARE Evaluation: 5152 5354 4950 9 Month Day Year

For each of the following criteria for dementia taken from DSM III, please indicate if the criterion is present or not. If present, please indicate on what basis the judgment is made.

	Criteria (DSM III) Pi	resent?	Basis of Judgment
5.	Loss of intellectual abilities of sufficient severity to interfere with social or occupational functioning.	5 es □ 1 No □ 2	
6.		es 🗆 1 No 🗆 2	
7.	At least one of the following:		
	a. Impairment of abstract thinking 12^{57}	es 🗆 1 No 🗆 2	
	b. Impaired judgment $(3)^{Y}$	es 🗆 1 No 🗆 2	
	c. Other disturbances 58 of higher cortical function, e.g., aphasia, apraxia, agnosia, constructional difficulty	es 🗆 1 No 🗆 2	
	d. Personality change $60 \frac{(5)}{10}$ Y	es 🗆 1 No 🗆 2	
8.	An unclouded state of consciousness $61 \cancel{b}_{Y}$	es 🗆 1 No 🗆 2	
9.	Evidence from the history, physical examination and laboratory tests that no specific reversible course of the dementia is present	$egin{pmatrix} 62 \ ext{es} & ext{ leq} $	
	OTHERS		
10.	Results of CT Scan, if performed 63	es 🗆 1 No 🗆 2	

11.	Hachinski Ischemic Score. (See next section.)		(9) 64 65
12.	Does patient have a psychiatric cause for cognitive declin	e? (20)	/es □ 1 No □ 2
12.		66	
	If yes, specify:		
13.	a. In your opinion, does this participant have dementia b. If yes, what type?	Alzhei Multi- Mixed Other	mer's type 2 2 3 4 4
HAC	CHINSKI ISCHEMIC SCORE*		
PAT	TIENT CHARACTERISTICS YES	NO	Number of Points for affirmative answer
14.	Did this patient's symptoms of cognitive deterioration appear abruptly?	2 🗆	2
15.	Did the deterioration appear to progress in a stepwise fashion over time, each new step characterized by an additional level of impairment? (24) 1 \square	2 🗆	1
16.	Did the patient experience a fluctuating course 70 in his deterioration, characterized by periods of more severe symptomatology followed by periods of improvement?	2 🗆	2
17.	Does the patient appear relatively lucid during 71 the daytime but exhibit evidence of nocturnal confusion, such as clouding of consciousness, inability to recognize surroundings, wandering about his/her residence in a confused state or acting in a delirious state?	2 🗆	1
18.	Does the patient's general personality appear to be well-preserved? 73 \bigcirc 1 \square	2 🗆	1
19.	Is depression present? $74 (38)$ 1 \Box	2 🗆	1
20.	Does the patient present somatic complaints (headache, chest or abdominal pain, dizziness, fatigue, tinnitus, precordial discomfort, etc.)? 75	2 🗆	1
21.	Does the patient exhibit evidence of emotional incontinence, e.g., if moved to tears or laughter, he/she rapidly loses control and a bout	2 m	1

30-32 1	FORM i	NUMBER DIAGNOSTIC EVALUATION FOR DEMENTIA FM SEQUE	NCE NUMBER
33 (2)	VERSI	10N NUMBER 3 41-	46
	1.	a. SHEP ID: $22,23$ - $24,25,26,27$ - $28,29$ b. Acrostic:	
1-2 Keypunch 9-10 Verifier C		a. Date of examination: 36,37 38,39 34,35 b. Examiner is: Month Day Year Trained SHEP MD Other SHEP neurologi Other SHEP psychiation	
		b. Signature of examiner:	82,83 (36) Code
		If examiner is "Other SHEP MD," completed SH31 must be reviewed by neurologist or psychiatrist. If not, SHEP neurologist or psychiatrist does not review completed form (Item 2c may be left blank).	/ SHEP need to
		c. Signature of SHEP neurologist or psychiatrist:	103-104 Code
	DE	EMENTIA EVALUATIONHISTORY I	
	3.	Interviews with (check all applicable): a. Patient 106 (b. Friend c. Family member (Specify d. Medical record e. Other (Specify 109 (S	105 1-47 107 108
	4.	a. Last grade attended in school (unknown = 99): 110-11	1 (50)
		b. Maximum education attainment: Crade school graduate High school graduate College graduate Unknown	e □ 2
	5.	Estimate of premorbid intellectual ability based on employment history and life activities: Less than average Average Greater than average Unknown	1 2 52 113
	6.	Present mental status: Alert Lethargic Decreased consciousn 115	□ 1 □ 2 less □ 3 53 114
	7.		nknown
	8.	Does the patient have these symptoms? a. Difficulty dressing b. Constructionalproblems putting things together c. Impaired judgment d. Seizures e. Confusion at night or in unfamiliar places f. Repeats self	□ 3 □ 3 □ 3 □ 3 □ 3 □ 3
	Vers	rsion 2 - 6/87	SH31/1

Version 2 - 6/87 SH31/2

Unknown 3

12.	<u>Narrative</u> : Specify items and clarify any items or history not clear from the previous questions.					
13.	Signature of person completing this section:				151-1 Cod	(89)
	If Item 11 is "No" or "Unknown," stop assessment. evidence of cognitive impairment; proceed with Dementia CT scan.	if Iter Evalu	n 11 is ation	"Yes," History I	there I; obtai	is in
DE	MENTIA EVALUATIONHISTORY II					
14.	Interviews with (check all applicable):	a. b. c. d. e.	(Spec	d / member ifyal record		$ \begin{array}{c} 1 - (90) \\ $
15.	Onset of dementia:			Abru Grad Unki	•	$(Q_5)158$
16.	a. Course of dementia:	Step Fluc		ogression rogressio		2 (96) 159
	b. Plateaus:			Yes No Unki	oown 🗆	2 (97) 160
17.	Duration of dementia:		6 mon 1-3 y 3-5 y	ears than 5 ye	year 🗆 🗆	2 3 4 5 161
			Yes	No	Unknow	/ \
18.	a. Is there a history of stroke?		1	□ 2	□ 3	(99) 162
	Was there sudden impairment lasting longer than 24 hours of:					$(100)^{163}$
	b. Vision		o 1	o 2	<u> </u>	(101) 164
	c. Speech, language d. Strength		□ 1 □ 1	□ 2 □ 2	□ 3 ⁻	-(182)165
	e. Sensation		o 1	2	□ 3	166
19.	a. Is there a history of head trauma with unconsciousneb. Is there a history of head trauma without definite	ss?	1	□ 2	□ 3	167
	unconsciousness?		- 1	2	□ 3	$(i05)_{168}$
	For Items 20, 21a and 21b, circle all entitles found by hi	story.				
20.	History of other medical illness preceding or with onset of dementia? (malignancy, dialysis, CO exposure, polycythemia, hypoglycemia, atrial fibrillation)		- 1	a 2	□ 3	169
21.	 a. History of psychiatric illness preceding or with onset of dementia? (depression, paranoia, schizophrenia, other) 	:	0 1	- 2	□ 3	/07) 170

	lf I	tem 21a is "No" or "Unknown," skip to Item 22.	Yes	<u>No</u>	<u>Unknown</u>	
	b.	Treatment employed? 171 (08) (hospitalization, out-patient, drugs, other)	<u> </u>	□ 2	□ 3	
22.		ence of dementia due to depression? $172 (109)$ pseudodementia list, page 10.)	₀ 1	□ 2	□ 3	
23.		ence of depression? 173 (IID)) _ 1	- 2	□ 3	
24.	a.	Current alcohol use: If response to Item 24a is "Never or very rarely," skip to Item 24c. Never or very rarely," Daily, up to 3 shows Daily, more than 3 Unknown	per v ly; le ts	ss than	□ 1 □ 2 daily □ 3 □ 4 □ 5 □ 6	174
			Yes	<u>No</u>	<u>Unknown</u> ($(112)^{175}_{-}$
	b. c.	Is Cage Review positive for alcoholism (see page 10)? Is alcohol intake a potential cause for dementia?	□ 1 □ 1		□ 3 □ 3	$\frac{176}{(113)^{176}}$
25.	Medi	cation, home remedy, drug review. Does the patient use:			(114) 177
	a. b. c. d. e. f.	Anti-anxlety medications Phenothiazines Barbiturates Antidepressants Sleeping pill Other medications that may impair cognition (Specify)	0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1	□ 2 □ 2 □ 2(180 0 3 180 0 3 180 0 3 180 0 3 180 0 3 180 0 3	(1/6) 178 (1/6) 179 (1/8) 181 (1/9) 182
26.		cal history review for possible treatable causes of dementia lew with patient, family, etc.):				(Go) 183
	a. b. c. d. e. f. g. h. j. k. l. m. n.	Hyperparathyroidism Hypothyroidism B12 deficiency Syphilis Brain abscess Brain tumor Subarachnoid hemorrhage Subdural hematoma Bacterial or fungal meningitis, or viral encephalitis Liver disease Kidney disease Severe obstructive pulmonary disease Collagen/vascular disease Other (Specify)	0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1	190	187	121)184 122) 185 123) 186 124) 189 124) 189 130) 193 130) 193 132) 195
27.		nere a family history of dementia? scribe in Item 28.)	- 1	□ 2	_ 3 	<u>(134)</u> 197

28. Additional narrative:

DEMENTIA EVALUATION -- NEUROLOGICAL EXAMINATION

					
9.		ity to stand and maintain station on a narrow base arms outstretched for 30 seconds:	<u>Yes</u>	<u>No</u>	<u>Unknown</u>
	a.	Eyes open	- 1	□ 2	□ 3 (/35) ¹⁹⁸
Γ		If "Eyes open" is not successful, skip to 29c.			199
إ	b. >c. d.	Eyes closed Downward drift of left arm Downward drift of right arm	0 1 0 1 0 1	□ 2 □ 2 □ 2	3 - (38) (37) 26
٥.	Walk	Ing:			201 (139) 20
	a. b. c. d.	Able to perform ordinary galt without difficulty Walking on heelsleft foot droops Walking on heelsright foot droops Tandem (heel to toe) without difficulty	0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1	□ 2 □ 2 □ 2 □ 2	3
۱.	Fund	doscopic examinationpapilledema present	- 1	2	205 (142)
2.	Visu	al field examination:			207 (144)
	a. b.	Field cut (specify type) Monocular loss	= 1 = 1	□ 2 □ 2	
3.	Pupi a. b.	lls: Roundness present React to light and accommodation	□ 1 □ 1	□ 2 □ 2	147) 2
4.	Extr	raocular movements:			$-(148)^{211}$
	a. b. c. d.	Full left lateral gaze Full right lateral gaze Full upward gaze Full downward gaze	0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1	0 2 0 2 0 2 0 2	$ \begin{array}{c cccc} & 3 & & & & & & & & & \\ & 3 & & & & & & & & & \\ & 3 & & & & & & & & & \\ & 3 & & & & & & & & \\ & 3 & & & & & & & & \\ & 3 & & & & & & & & \\ & 3 & & & & & & & & \\ & 150 & & & & & & & \\ & 2 & & & & & & & \\ & 151 & & & & & & \\ & 2 & & & & & & \\ & 151 & & & & & & \\ & 2 & & & & & & \\ & 151 & & & & \\ & 151 & & & & \\ & 151 & & & & \\ & 151 & & & & \\ & 151 & & & & \\ & 1$
5.		ulocephalic reflexhave patient fixate a point, rotate head:			
	a.	Horizontally		Can do Cannot d Unknown	_ \ ' ' /
	b.	Vertically		Can do Cannot d Unknown	. (100)
				Abnormal L	(194)2
-		ced eye closure (normal if patient can bury lids)	- 1	□ 2 - 2	D 3 (155) 218
٠.		v out cheeks	- 1	□ 2	
3.	a. b.	gue in cheek: Left Right	o 1	□ 2 □ 2	$\begin{array}{c c} & & & \\ & 3 & \\ & 3 & \\ \hline \end{array}$ (156) 2
€.	Sho	w teeth:			(158) 25
	a. b.	Left face Right face	□ 1 □ 1	□ 2 □ 2	3 - (159) 222
).	Stre	ength:			(160) 2
	a. b. c. d.	Left arm, hand Right arm, hand Left leg Right leg	0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1	□ 2 □ 2 □ 2 □ 2	3 161 224 162 2
					[63]

41.	a.	Tonearm and leg					normal 🗆 2	(164)
		If "All normal" or "Oth If "Other," describe in If "Any abnormal," inc		b-41e.		Other	3	227
		Code for type of abnor	rmality:					228
		1=Normal	5=Not able to relaxg	gegenha	alten	b. Le	ft arm	229
		2=Spasticity	6=Flaccid			c. Le	ft leg	(166)
		3=Rigidity lead pipe	7=Untestable			d. Ri	ght arm	(167)230
		4=Cogwheel rigidity				e. Rio	ght leg	231(168)
42.	а.	Reflexesarm and leg (is abnormally increased				All norn Any abi	normal 🗆 2	(169)
		if "All normal" or "Oth If "Other," describe in If "Any abnormal," ch	n Item 49.	235	233 (170) Lef	Other	□ 3 Right	232
			237 Biceps (77)	1172	Abr	ormal 7	Abnormal	$(73)^{236}$
			Triceps	(171	$\mathbf{n} \cdot \mathbf{k} \mathbf{f}$	1 e.		(75) (177)
			Ankle 178 Plantar/res	1	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	1 Ĭ.	0 1—(240
43.	Refl	exesabnormal if depres	241	239	~		242 Untestable	(180)
	a. b.	At ankle At knee			 1 1	□ 2 □ 2	- 3 - 3	181 243
44.	Sens	sation:					,	
	a. b.	Pin Position sense toes			□ 1 □ 1	□ 2 □ 2	□ 3 □ 3 ─ ($(182)_{246}$
	(Spe	ecify any abnormality)			`	247
45.	Add	itional reflexes:			Not Present	Present	Untestable	(184)
	а.	snoutsuckrooting			<u> </u>		7 2	185)248
	b. c.	graspreflexhand glabellar			□ 1 □ 1	□ 2 □ 2	□ 3—(□ 3—	(186)249
46.	Coor	rdination:			Normal	Abnormal	Untestable	$(87)^{250}$
	a. b.	finger to nose, left finger to nose, right			□ 1 □ 1	□ 2 □ 2	- 3 - 3	(188)
	c. d.	pattinghand, left pattinghand, right			□ 1 □ 1	□ 2 □ 2	□ 3——(□ 3	789)252
47.		the basis of the examinate you seen:	tion and observation,		<u>Yes</u>	<u>No</u>	Untestable	191 (190) 253 (255)
	a. b.	Tremor at rest Tremor on posture hold	ling		o 1	□ 2 □ 2	0 3	(1924)
	c. d.	Tremor on action Chorea	9		 _ 1 _ 1	- 2 ²	256 - 3 - (193)
	е.	Other involuntary move (Describe	ments		0 1	□ 2		195)
	f.	Bradykinesia Motor persistence				□ 2	□ 3 /	196)259
	g. h. i.	Motor persistence Motor impersistence Apraxia		262	(199) 0 1	□ 2 □ 2	$260\frac{\square \ 3}{\square \ 3}$	197) (198) 261
	j. k.	Agnosia Speech, languagemoto	or anhasia	264	(201)-1	□ 2 □ 2	/	200
	i. m.	Comprehensiondeficit Articulationdysarthria		404	0 1	□ 2 □ 2	□ 3 □ 3 26	≥ (202)
Vor		2 - 6/87		266	(203)		SH31/6	265
v er	JIUI 6	_ 0/01			_		20131/0	•

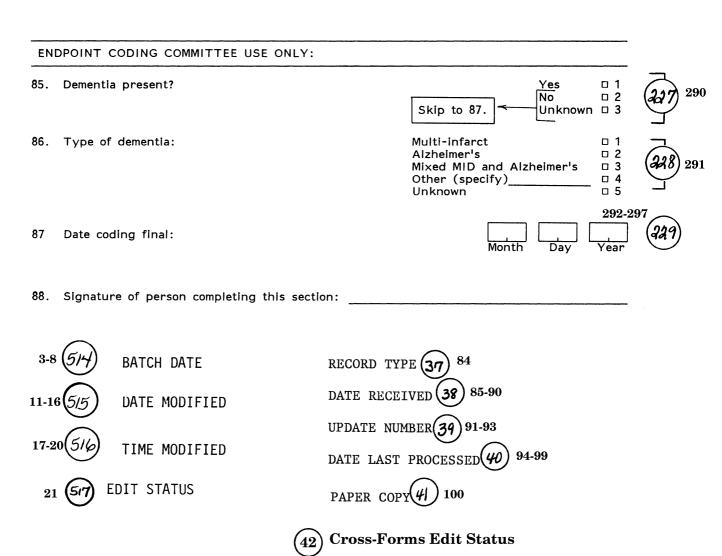
DEMENTIA EVALUATION--NEUROLOGICAL EXAMINATION (Continued)

		<u>Yes</u>	<u>No</u>	Untestab	<u>le</u>
48.	a. Are focal neurologic abnormalities present?	□ 1 □ 1	□ 2	□ 3 □ 3	$(204)^{267}$
	b. If yes, are abnormalities consistent with stroke?	□ 1	□ 2	□ 3	
49.	Description of any abnormalities in Items 29-48:				(205) 268

LABORATORY E	KAMINATION OF DEMENTIA					
50. CBC 51. Electrolytes 52. Glucose 53. Liver function 54. Renal (BUN, 55. Thyrold pan, 56. VDRLFTA 57. Sed Rate 58. B12 level 59. Drug screen	n tests Creat) el (If indicated)	275 (A 278 (A	Abnormal	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	207) 27 207) 27 209) 27 211) 213) 2 214) 216)
Lumbar pundDSA/AngiogrPsychologica	am	281 (2	18 0 1	□ 2 □ 2 □ 2	□ 3 □ 3 □ 3 280	217

64. Specify abnormalities in tests listed above, plus any additional tests pertinent to dementia:

			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
DIA	AGNOSTIC CRIT	TERIA FOR DEMENTIA (DSM III)			
ls t	here:		Yes	No	Unknown
5.		ctual abilities of sufficient severity ith social or occupational functioning?	55 (10) 🗆 1	2	□ 3
6.	Memory impair	ment?	56 <i>(11</i>) 🗆 1	2	□ 3
67 .	ImpairmentImpairedOther dis	f the following (circle all that apply)? nt of abstract thinking judgment sturbances of higher cortical function, hasia, apraxia, agnosia, constructional	difficulty	- 2	□ 3
8.	An unclouded	state of consciousness?	61 (16) 🗆 1	2	□ 3
9.		the history, physical examination tests that no specific reversible cause a is present?	62 (77) _□ 1	- 2	□ 3
	All of Items	65-69 must be "Yes" for a diagnosis of	dementia to be n	nade.	
RO	SEN MODIFIED	HACHINSKI SCALE			
70.	Abrupt onset	(score 2)		6	Score 23
71.	Stepwise deter	rioration (score 1)		70 (24)	$y \sqsubseteq \omega$
2.	Somatic compla	aints (score 1)			
73.	Emotional inco	ntinence (score 1)		76 (30	
74.	History of hyp	pertension (score 1)			(1) (31)
75.	History of str	oke (score 1)		78 (<i>3</i> 6	2
76.	Focal neurolog	ical symptoms (score 2)			(34)
77.	Focal neurolog	ical signs (score 2)		81 (35	\Box
78.	TOTAL SCOR	E (Sum of Items 70-77)			
	Total Score 0-2 3 4+	Type of Dementia Not multi-infarct Equivocal Multi-infarct or mixed			
FII	NAL ASSESSMEN	NT/DIAGNOSIS OF DEMENTIA			
79.		neet all DSM III criteria for dementia	284 (221) Yes		<u>Unknown</u>
80.	listed in Items Are pseudoder	mentia and/or depression appearing to m		□ 2 - 2	□ 3 3
31	-	contribution to mental disturbance?	286 (223) 1 1	□ 2	□ 3 □ 3
31.	Specify		287		
32. 33.		ia associated with other neurological dis other non-neurological cause for dement		□ 2 □ 2	□ 3 □ 3
84.		ia probably due to (check one):	Multi-infarct Alzheimer's Mixed MID an	d Alzhein	□ 1 □ 2 ner's □ 3
	STOP		Other (specify Unknown Dementia not		



101

LIST OF SELECTED QUESTIONS FOR POSSIBLE PSEUDODEMENTIA,

DEPRESSION, AND CAGE REVIEW FOR ALCOHOLISM

PSEUDODEMENTIA

- 1. Onset can be dated with some precision
- 2. Any life stressor at or around time of onset of memory disorder (which might induce or contribute to a depression)
- 3. Symptoms of short duration and rapid progression
- Family aware of dysfunction and severity
- Patient complains of cognitive loss
- Patient emphasizes disability
- Patient highlights failures
- 8. Patient communicates strong sense of distress
- Loss of social skills early and prominent
 "Don't know" answers typical
- 10.
- 11. History of prior psychiatric problems

Four or more "yes" answers are supportive of the presence of pseudodementia.

DEPRESSION

- Dysphoric mood--loss of interest or pleasure in usual activities. Characterized by symptoms such as depressed, sad, blue, hopeless, low, down in the dumps, irritable. Mood disturbance is prominent and relatively persistent.
- 2. At least four of the following symptoms have each been present nearly every day for two weeks:
 - Poor appetite with weight loss or increased appetite with weight gain
 - Insomnia or hypersomnia
 - Psychomotor agitation or retardation
 - Loss of interest or pleasure in sexual activities or decrease in sexual drive
 - Loss of energy or fatigue
 - Feelings of worthlessness, self-reproach or excessive or inappropriate guilt
 - Complaints or evidence of diminished ability to think or concentrate
 - Recurrent thoughts of death, suicidal indication, wished to be dead or suicide attempt

Both of the above criteria must be met for a diagnosis of depression.

CAGE REVIEW FOR ALCOHOLISM

- Has the patient ever felt he ought to cut down on his drinking?
- Has the patient ever been criticized regarding his drinking?
- Has the patient ever felt bad or guilty about his drinking?
- Has the patient ever had a drink first think in the morning to steady his nerves or get rid of a hangover?

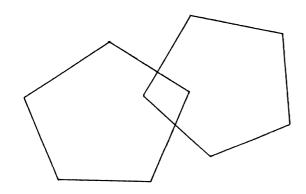
"yes" answers indicate the history or presence of Three alcoholism.

Read and Obey the Following:

CLOSE YOUR EYES

Write a sentence:

Copy the design:



30-32	1) FORM NUMBER DIAGNOSTIC EVALUATION FOR DEME	ENTIA 40 (518) SEQUENCE
33 ((2) VERSION (3) (4) (5)	$\overbrace{6}_{41-46}$
1.	a. SHEP ID: 22,23 - 24,25,26,27 - 28,29 b. Aci	rostic:
2.	a. Date of examination: $36\overline{)}37\overline{)}38\overline{)}34\overline{)}35\overline{)}$ b. Examination: $\overline{)}$ Month Day Year	Trained SHEP MD
	b. Signature of examiner:	82,83 36 Code
	If examiner is "Other SHEP MD," completed SH31 neurologist or psychiatrist. If not, SHEP neurologist or review completed form (Item 2c may be left blank).	must be reviewed by SHEP psychiatrist does not need to
	c. Signature of SHEP neurologist or psychiatrist:	103-104 Code
DE	MENTIA EVALUATIONHISTORY I	
3.	Interviews with (check all applicable):	a. Patient b. Friend 106 c. Family member (Specify d. Medical record e. Other (Specify 108 48 105 107 107 109
4.	a. Last grade attended in school (unknown = 99):	50 110-111
	b. Maximum education attainment:	Less than grade school
5.	Estimate of premorbid intellectual ability based on employment history and life activities:	Less than average
6.	Present mental status:	Alert
7.	Is there a history of deterioration in intellectual performance. a. On the job b. Socially c. In household tasks (e.g., cooking, hobbies) d. In coping with small sums of money e. Remembering short lists of items (shopping) f. Finding the way about on familiar streets g. Finding the way about indoors h. Recalling events i. Interpreting surroundings j. Other (e.g., poor driving); specify	1 116
8.	Does the patient have these symptoms? a. Difficulty dressing b. Constructionalproblems putting things together c. Impaired judgment d. Seizures e. Confusion at night or in unfamiliar places f. Repeats self	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$

DE	MENT	IA EVALUATIONHISTORY I (Continued)			_
9.		er symptoms within previous six months. Yes The all that are applicable.) Difficulty with:	<u>No</u>	Unknown	_
	a. b. c. d. e.	Personality change: decreased initiative, apathy, purposeless activity, diminished emotional responsiveness or control, impaired regard for the feelings of others, suspiciousness Patient sees or hears things that are not present (delusions, hallucinations) Languagespeech problems, reading, writing, naming, understanding, speaking Motor symptomsfalls, tremors, gait Incontinenceurinary, bowel	133 72 2 2 2 14 2 2	□ 3 □ 3 □ 3 135 □ 3	
10.	(e.c	-Mental State examinationIf any task is not attempted due to a g., vision, hearing, severe arthritis, etc.), that task should be is not attempted because the examiner feels that the participant plete the task, that task should be scored "0."	scored "S	9." If any	
	Orie	entation	Maximun Score	n Score	
	a.	What is the (year) (season) (date) (day) (month)? (1 point for each.)	5		75) 136
	b.	Where are we: (state) (county) (town) (hospital/clinic) (floor)? (1 point for each.) Use five locations that are specific for where the test is given.	5		76) 137
	Reg	<u>istration</u>			
	c.	Say "ball, house, flower." 1 second to say each. Then ask the patient all 3 after you have said them. Give 1 point for each correct answer.	3		77 138
	d.	Repeat the three items until the patient learns all three (maximum 6 trials). Record the number of trials (maximum: 6).			(78) 139
	Atte	ention and Calculation			
	e.	Serial 7s. 1 point for each correct. Stop after 5 answers. (5 points for correct; subtract 1 for any error.) Alternatively spell "world" backwards (1 point for each letter in correct position.)	5		79) 140
	Rec	<u>all</u>			
	f.	Ask for the 3 objects repeated above. (1 point for each correct answer.)	3		80) 141
	Lan	guage	_		(81) 142
	g.	Name a pencil and a watch (1 point for each correct answer).	2		(i) 11-
	h. i.	Repeat the following "No ifs, ands or buts." (1 point) Follow a 3-stage command: "Take a paper in your right hand, fold it in half, and put it on the floor." (1 point	1		143
		for each correct action.)	3		(83) 144
		d and obey the following (see worksheet last page of form):	_		(84) 145
	j.	Close your eyes (1 point).	1		07) 145
	k.	Write a sentence (1 point).	1		(85) 146
	١.	Copy design (1 point).	1		%) 147
	Tota m.	Sum of scores in 10a to 10I; do not count 10d and do not count items scored as "9" (maximum: 30).		148-149	© (87)
If	any i	items were scored as "9," complete Items 10n and 10o. Otherwi	se, skip	to Item 11.] 000 000
L	n.	Sum of maximum scores for scored tasks:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		298-299 230
	ο.	Corrected score = $10m \div 10n \times 30$		300-302	(331)

Version 3 - 2/89

SH31/2

11.	Based on preceding history, and Mini-Mental State total (or, if appropriate, Item 10o) less than 23, is there evi of intellectual deterioration or of current performance be expected from employment activities and schooling attain	idence elow tha		Yes No Unkr	□ 1- □ 2 nown □ 3-	88) 150
12.	<u>Narrative</u> : Specify items and clarify any items or historont clear from the previous questions.	ry				
13.	If Item 11 is "No" or "Unknown," stop assessment. evidence of cognitive impairment; proceed with Demen	If Ite	m 11 is			52] (89)
	CT scan.					
DEI	MENTIA EVALUATIONHISTORY II					153
14.	Interviews with (check all applicable):	a. b. c. d. e.	Patient Friend Family (Specif Medical Other (Specif	record	04	$ \begin{array}{c c} $
15.	Onset of dementia:			Abru Grad Unkr	•]- (95) 158
16.	a. Course of dementia:	Ste _l Fluc	dual prog pwise pro ctuating known			159
	b. Plateaus:			Yes No Unkr	□ 1- □ 2 nown □ 3-	-97) 160
17.	Duration of dementia:			ns to 1 rs rs an 5 ye	onths	-98) 161
			Yes	No !	<u>Unknown</u>	
18.	a. Is there a history of stroke?Was there sudden impairment lasting		□ 1 ·	□ 2	-3 (9	9) 162
	longer than 24 hours of: b. Vision c. Speech, language d. Strength e. Sensation		0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1	□ 2 □ 2 □ 2 □ 2	0-3 10 0-3 10	163 (164 2) (165) 164
19.	a. Is there a history of head trauma with unconsciousb. Is there a history of head trauma without definite unconsciousness?	iness?	o 1	□ 2 (ld	7 ⁻³	166
	For Items 20, 21a and 21b, circle all entities found by	history.	.]		(los	5) 168
20.	History of other medical illness preceding or with onset of dementia? (malignancy, dialysis, CO exposure, polycythemia, hypoglycemia, atrial fibrillation)		- 1	- 2	п 3 ((С	169
21.	a. History of psychiatric illness preceding or with one of dementia?	set	- 1	□ 2	□ 3 (0	7) 170

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DEMENTIA EVALUATION--HISTORY I (Continued)

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	If Item 21a is "No" or "Unknown," skip to It	em 22.	Yes	No L	<u>Jnknown</u>
	b. Treatment employed? (hospitalization, out-patient, drugs, other	171 (08)	o 1	□ 2	□ 3
22.	Evidence of dementia due to depression? (See pseudodementia list, page 10.)	172 (109)	1	□ 2	□ 3
23.	Evidence of depression? (See list of selected questions, page 10.)	173 (J/D)	1	2	□ 3
24.	If response to Item 24a is "Never or very rarely," skip to Item 24c.	Never or very rare Less than 1 drink p Greater than weekly Daily, up to 3 shot: Daily, more than 3 Jnknown	er week ; less t		y
	b. Is Cage Review positive for alcoholism (sc. Is alcohol intake a potential cause for de		<u>Yes</u> □ 1 □ 1	No L	<u>Inknown</u> □ 3 (/2) 175
25.	Medication, home remedy, drug review. Does	the patient use:		170	176
	 a. Anti-anxiety medications b. Phenothiazines c. Barbiturates d. Antidepressants e. Sleeping pill f. Other medications that may impair cogniti (Specify		0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 180 0 1	178 2 15 2 15 2 17	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
26.	Medical history review for possible treatable c	auses of dementia			
	(review with patient, family, etc.): a. Hyperparathyroidism b. Hypothyroidism c. B12 deficiency d. Syphilis e. Brain abscess f. Brain tumor g. Subarachnoid hemorrhage h. Subdural hematoma i. Bacterial or fungal meningitis, or viral el j. Liver disease k. Kidney disease l. Severe obstructive pulmonary disease m. Collagen/vascular disease n. Other (Specify		1 188	- 2 125 - 2 127 - 2 127 - 2 129	(20) 183 3 (22) 185 3 (24) 187 3 (24) 189 3 (26) 189 3 (26) 191 3 (30) 193 3 (30) 193 3 (32) 195
27.	Is there a family history of dementia? (Describe in Item 28.)		1		197

28. Additional narrative:

	Yes	. No	Unknown
. Ability to stand and maintain station on a narrow base with arms outstretched for 30 seconds:			
a. Eyes open	□ 1	- 2	₂ 3 (135) 198
If "Eyes open" is not successful, skip to 29c.			
b. Eyes closedc. Downward drift of left armd. Downward drift of right arm	o 1 o 1 o 1	- 2 - 2 - 2	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
. Walking:		2	03
 a. Able to perform ordinary gait without difficulty b. Walking on heelsleft foot droops c. Walking on heelsright foot droops d. Tandem (heel to toe) without difficulty 	0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1		$\begin{array}{c} $
. Fundoscopic examinationpapilledema present	- 1	□ 2 <u>2</u>	205 🗆 3 (43) 206
. Visual field examination:			(W) 20 7
a. Field cut (specify type) b. Monocular loss	o 1	□ 2 □ 2 208	□ -3 (144) 207 [45] □ 3
a. Roundness present	- 1	□ 2 .	(46) 209
b. React to light and accommodation	_ 1	□ 2 (147) = 3
Extraocular movements:		210	212
a. Full left lateral gaze b. Full right lateral gaze c. Full upward gaze d. Full downward gaze	0 1 0 1 0 1	□ 2 (149 - 3 (148) 211 1-3 (150) 213
 Occulocephalic reflexhave patient fixate on a point, rotate head: 	5 1	21	4
a. Horizontally		Can do Cannot Unknowi	
b. Vertically		Can do Cannot Unknowi	- 1 (150)
	Normal	Abnormal	Untestable
. Forced eye closure (normal if patient can bury lids)	□ 1	□ 2	□ 3 (154) 217
. Blow out cheeks	□ 1	□ 2	¹ 3(155) 218
. Tongue in cheek:			\sim
a. Left b. Right	o 1 o 1	= 2 = 2	3 (56)219 57) □ 3
. Show teeth:		220	(158) 221
a. Left face b. Right face	□ 1 □ 1	0 2 0 2	59 ^a 3
Strength:a. Left arm, hand	п 1	□ 2 224	-
b. Right arm, hand c. Left leg d. Right leg	0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1		$\begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} -\frac{3}{3} (60) & 223 \\ -\frac{3}{3} & 62 \end{array} \begin{array}{c} 225 \end{array}$
		2	226

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			<u>Yes</u>	No	<u>Untestable</u>
48.	а.	Are focal neurologic abnormalities present?	□ 1	□ 2	267 (20)
	b.	If yes, are abnormalities consistent with stroke?	□ 1	□ 2	G 3 € 0
49.	Des	cription of any abnormalities in Items 29-48:			268

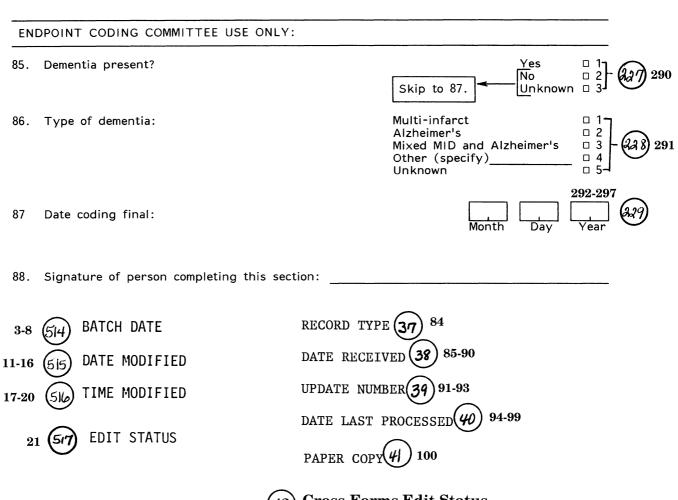
49. Description of any abnormalities in Items 29-48:

LABORATORY EXAMINATION OF DEMENTIA

		Unknown/
		Abnormal Normal Not Done
50.	CBC	\Box 1 \Box 2 270 \Box 269
51.	Electrolytes	\Box 1 \Box 2 (2)
52.	Glucose	\Box 1 \Box 2 \Box
53.	Liver function tests	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
54.	Renal (BUN, Creat)	$\Box 1 \stackrel{2}{\Box} 2 (a/0) - 3 (a/0) 272$
55.	Thyroid panel	\Box 1 \Box 2 \Box
56.	VDRLFTA	$\frac{1}{276} \frac{1}{276} \frac{2}{275} \frac{2}{275} \frac{1}{275} \frac{1}{275} \frac{1}{275} \frac{1}{275}$
57.	Sed Rate	
58.	B12 level	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
59.	Drug screen (if indicated)	$\frac{1}{279} \frac{1}{279} \frac{2}{3} $
60.	EEG	0 1 2 (2/6) 0 3 (15) 218
61.	Lumbar puncture	\Box 1 \Box 2 \Box
62.	DSA/Angiogram	
63.	Psychological testing	
	(Specify test and results in Item 64.)	
		${\bf 282}$

64. Specify abnormalities in tests listed above, plus any additional tests pertinent to dementia:

DIA	AGNOSTIC CRITERIA FOR DEMENTIA (DSM III)				
ls t	here:	Yes	No No	Unknown	
65.	Loss of intellectual abilities of sufficient severity to interfere with social or occupational functioning?	- 1	2	_ 3(D)	55
66.	Memory impairment?	0 1	□ 2	□ 3(<u> </u>	56
67.	At least one of the following (circle all that apply)?	ם 1	2	□ 3(220)	283
	 Impairment of abstract thinking Impaired judgment Other disturbances of higher cortical function, e.g., aphasia, apraxia, agnosia, constructional di 	fficulty			
68.	An unclouded state of consciousness?	- 1	□ 2	□ 3 (<i>lb</i>)	61
69.	Evidence from the history, physical examination and laboratory tests that no specific reversible cause of the dementia is present?	- 1	□ 2	- 3(7)	62
	All of Items 65-69 must be "Yes" for a diagnosis of d	ementia to be	made.		
RO	SEN MODIFIED HACHINSKI SCALE	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
				Score	
70.	Abrupt onset (score 2)			(23)	69
71.	Stepwise deterioration (score 1)		70 Q		
72.	Somatic complaints (score 1)		_	\square (29)	75
73.	Emotional incontinence (score 1)		76 (Z		
74.	History of hypertension (score 1)			$\boxed{1} \boxed{31}$	77
75.	History of stroke (score 1)		78 (Z	∂ □	
76.	Focal neurological symptoms (score 2)			$\square (34)$ 8	30
77.	Focal neurological signs (score 2)		81 (35		
78.	TOTAL SCORE (Sum of Items 70-77)			\square (9	64-65
	Total Score Type of Dementia 0-2 Not multi-infarct 3 Equivocal 4+ Multi-infarct or mixed				
FII	NAL ASSESSMENT/DIAGNOSIS OF DEMENTIA				
		Yes	s <u>No</u>	<u>Unknown</u>	
79.	Does patient meet all DSM III criteria for dementia listed in Items 65-69?	- 1	□ 2	₁ 3 (22)	284
80.	Are pseudodementia and/or depression appearing to ma a significant contribution to mental disturbance?	ike 🗆 1	- 2	□ 3 2 22	285
81.	Is there a potential treatable cause for dementia? Specify		□ 2	□ 3 (223	286
82.	Is the dementia associated with other neurological dise	ases? 🗆 1	- 2	□ 3 (2 <i>2</i> 24	287
83.	Is there any other non-neurological cause for dementia	? 🗆 1	□ 2	□ 3 (2 2 5)	288
84.	Is the dementia probably due to (check one):	Multi-infarct Alzheimer's Mixed MID ar Other (specif Unknown Dementia not	y)	ner's 3 0 4 0 5	- (H) 289



(42) Cross-Forms Edit Status

DEPRESSION, AND CAGE REVIEW FOR ALCOHOLISM

PSEUDODEMENTIA

- 1. Onset can be dated with some precision
- 2. Any life stressor at or around time of onset of memory disorder (which might induce or contribute to a depression)
- Symptoms of short duration and rapid progression
- 4. Family aware of dysfunction and severity
- Patient complains of cognitive loss
- Patient emphasizes disability
- Patient highlights failures 7.
- 8. Patient communicates strong sense of distress
- 9. Loss of social skills early and prominent
- 10. "Don't know" answers typical11. History of prior psychiatric problems

Four or more "yes" answers are supportive of the presence of pseudodementia.

DEPRESSION

- Dysphoric mood--loss of interest or pleasure in usual activities. Characterized by symptoms such as depressed, sad, blue, hopeless, low, down in the dumps, irritable. Mood disturbance is prominent and relatively persistent.
- 2. At least four of the following symptoms have each been present nearly every day for two weeks:
 - Poor appetite with weight loss or increased appetite with weight gain
 - Insomnia or hypersomnia
 - Psychomotor agitation or retardation
 - Loss of interest or pleasure in sexual activities or decrease in sexual drive
 - Loss of energy or fatigue
 - Feelings of worthlessness, self-reproach or excessive or inappropriate quilt
 - Complaints or evidence of diminished ability to think or concentrate
 - Recurrent thoughts of death, suicidal indication, wished to be dead or suicide attempt

Both of the above criteria must be met for a diagnosis of depression.

CAGE REVIEW FOR ALCOHOLISM

- 1. Has the patient ever felt he ought to cut down on his drinking?
- 2. Has the patient ever been criticized regarding his drinking?
- 3. Has the patient ever felt bad or guilty about his drinking?
- Has the patient ever had a drink first think in the morning to steady his nerves or get rid of a hangover?

Three "ves" answers indicate the history or presence alcoholism.

Read and Obey the Following:

CLOSE YOUR EYES

Write a sentence:

Copy the design:

